

A REVIEW OF I. RASULOV'S SCIENTIFIC AND POPULAR SCIENTIFIC WORKS

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Annotation

Inomjon Rasulov is a scientist who has studied many areas of Uzbek linguistics and left a great scientific legacy. His research covers such main linguistic areas as syntax, lexicology, stylistics, language teaching methodology, historical linguistics, terminology. First of all, the scientist's scientific research in the field of syntax is noteworthy.

Keywords

stylistics, terminology, nominative sentences, predicativity and modality, the term "person".

I. Rasulov He conducted research on single-component sentences, their grammatical properties and syntactic structures. He also put forward theoretical views on syntactic units, predicativity and modality and revealed their place in a sentence. The second important area of linguistic research is lexicology and phraseology. In his research in this area, detailed studies were carried out on the vocabulary of the Uzbek language, its historical development, including lexical changes during the Second World War. The meanings of words, their aesthetic and expressive aspects were studied separately. Research on stylistics and stylistics is also one of the areas of Inomjon Rasulov's scientific activity with rich scientific innovations. He analyzed the stylistic features of the Uzbek literary language, nominative sentences and their specificities, as well as the stylistic aspects of functional styles. His work in this area served to expand the expressive capabilities of the language. In addition, he conducted research in the field of language teaching methodology. His research and applications, textbooks and collections of dictations prepared for schools and higher educational institutions, are widely distributed. At the same time, Inomjon Rasulov's research in the field of language history and comparative linguistics is also of great importance. He further expanded the scope of research topics with his articles on the historical development of Turkic languages, writing systems. The issues of theoretical

linguistics and general linguistics were also in the focus of the scientist's attention. In this direction, he analyzed such basic concepts as language functions, the term "person", predicativity and modality relations. Finally, through his research on terminology and terminology, he expressed his views on the formation of scientific and technical terms, their linguistic foundations, and lexicography. Thus, Inomjon Rasulov's scientific heritage includes all the main areas of linguistics and deeply analyzes them on a scientific basis. The scientist's research not only enriched the theoretical aspects of the language, but was also widely used in practice, making a significant contribution to the perfection and modernization of the Uzbek language.

The scientific work of Professor Inomjon Rasulov has left a deep mark on the development of Uzbek linguistics, as he conducted his research systematically and step by step. His two main scientific dissertations, candidate's and doctoral theses, are of great theoretical and practical importance in the study of different levels of the Uzbek language. Inomjon Rasulov's candidate's and doctoral theses cover the two main branches of Uzbek linguistics - lexicology and syntax - on a consistent and scientific basis. This two-stage study shows the evolution of his scientific views, that is, the methodological growth in the transition from general lexical changes to complex syntactic structures. Both dissertations serve as theoretical sources for Uzbek researchers today. The candidate's dissertation entitled "Development of the Lexicon of the Uzbek Language during the Second World War" represents Inomjon Rasulov's initial scientific approach to Uzbek lexicology. The dissertation extensively analyzes the processes of lexical enrichment of the Uzbek literary language during the Second World War, word formation activities, the emergence of modern words and socio-political terms. The author studied the renewal of the language in wartime conditions, the introduction of foreign words and their assimilation processes in the context of the period. A distinctive feature of this work is that it studies lexical development in connection with historical and cultural events. It also presents scientific evidence with examples based on press materials, journalistic texts and literary sources of this period. The research is based on the methodology of studying the history of the language in terms of periods.

Inomjon Rasulov has a number of scientific researches on stylistics. In particular, "Practical stylistics of the modern Uzbek literary language", "On the stylistic features of nominative sentences", "Some thoughts on the syntax of the scientific style". In these works, he analyzed the stylistic aspects of the modern Uzbek literary language, their functional features, text structure and stylistic means. One of his goals is to identify the stylistic needs of the language and improve the methods of teaching style in the pedagogical process. I. Rasulov

scientifically studied the types of functional style in stylistics, their tasks, features and differences. He also touched on the study of stylistic figures. He contributed to revealing the place of syntactic-stylistic figures in works of art. The scientist's views on stylistics are also related to syntax. In this way, he sought to harmonize the syntactic and stylistic aspects of the language with each other. Through this, the connection between the syntactic level and style was revealed.

I. Rasulov's methodological research is mainly devoted to problems in teaching spelling and punctuation and their solutions ("On some issues of teaching spelling", "Collection of dictations. On spelling and punctuation. A manual for teachers of grades 5-7", "Collection of dictations. On spelling and punctuation. A manual for teachers of grades 5-8", "Collection of dictations. On spelling and punctuation. A manual for teachers of grades 4-8"). He prepared special collections of dictations for teaching spelling and punctuation and presented them as manuals for teachers. He developed several Uzbek language teaching programs and textbooks for pedagogical institutes and higher educational institutions, for example, Current Uzbek Literary Language. Program. For the faculties of language and literature of pedagogical institutes (1962). Uzbek language. For the faculties of pedagogical institutes that train primary school teachers. (1962). He also wrote a number of methodological manuals and recommendations on the Uzbek language and its teaching methodology, including "Methodology of Teaching the Uzbek Language". They serve as an important resource for language teachers. His methodology is close to practice and is aimed at improving the pedagogical process. These publications pay great attention to ensuring the active participation of students, teaching grammatical concepts in a clear and interesting way, as well as covering methodological and semantic aspects in the process of language learning. Inomjon Rasulov not only conducted independent research in his scientific and pedagogical activities, but also made a worthy contribution to the development of Uzbek philology as an editor. As an editor, he actively participated in the publication of various scientific collections and textbooks. Especially distinguished by the fact that he edited textbooks and scientific and methodological works intended for higher educational institutions. In particular, in the scientific collection "Problems of Philology", published in 1976, I. Rasulov is listed as one of the editors of the Tashkent State Pedagogical Institute. This collection covers current scientific topics related to philology, and the scientist's editorial work played an important role in ensuring the scientific potential of this publication. At the same time, the textbook "Introduction to Linguistics", published in 1981 under the editorship of Professor I. Rasulov and prepared by A. Sodiqov, A. Abduazizov,

M. Iriskulov, is also an important educational resource for students of philological faculties. The textbook perfectly covers the main categories and theoretical issues of linguistics, and I. Rasulov's high-level methodological requirements are noticeable in its scientific editing. In addition, I. Rasulov also participated as a responsible editor in the textbook "Uzbek language", published in 1983 by R. Ikramova, A. Azizova and D. Muhammedova. This textbook is specially designed for students of pedagogy and psychology, in particular, preschool education, and takes into account the departmental and methodological aspects of language materials. In general, the editorial activity of Inomjon Rasulov is an important part of his scientific and methodological contribution to the development of Uzbek philology.

Articles and literature highlighting the role and scientific heritage of Professor Inomjon Rasulov in Uzbek linguistics are presented in the form of early essays dedicated to his work, memoirs, biographical information, encyclopedic comments and bibliographical descriptions. These sources are of great importance in comprehensively covering the personality of I. Rasulov, his contribution to linguistics and pedagogical activity. One of the first studies on the life and scientific activity of Inomjon Rasulov is a brief biographical essay in the work "Uzbek linguists" by H. Uzokov. Then, several articles written by S. Rizayev, in particular, "Linguistic scientist" and "Single-component sentences in modern uzbek language", are also of great importance. The first article highlights I. Rasulov's personal qualities and pedagogical activity, while the second describes his scientific achievements in the field of syntax and reviews his work on the issue of single-component sentences. Authors such as F. Antonova, M. Hoshimova, O. Nurmuhamedov expressed their views in their articles not only on Rasulov's scientific heritage, but also on his role in the formation of post-war linguistics, his activities at the institute and his personal qualities. The biographical article in the Soviet Encyclopedia of Uzbekistan and memoirs published in various newspaper publications served to perpetuate the memory of I. Rasulov after his death. They covered the personal qualities, work activities and social scientific significance of the scientist more broadly. Also, some publications, in particular, the descriptive treatise "Uzbek Linguistics" by Sh. Shukurov and D. Bazarova, very briefly but analytically covered the scientific activity of the scientist. This work attempted to describe his research within the framework of the syntax of the Turkic languages, in particular, the Uzbek language.

Conclusion. Biographical and anniversary publications published in recent years, such as "Steps of Ascension" by H. Mavlonkulov and others, bibliographical references by D. Khojaeva and others, "The Graceful Children of Kokand" by B.

Ibragimov, "The Rectors of the Kokand State Pedagogical Institute" by N. Yakubov, describe Inomjon Rasulov's activities at the Kokand State Pedagogical Institute, his achievements as a leader, and his reputation among the Kokand intelligentsia. These sources indicate that he contributed not only to linguistic, but also to pedagogical and administrative activities. This research work serves as a continuation of research conducted in this direction.

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